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**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**

11 JOHN PARISH, an individual,

12 Plaintiff,

13 vs.

14 CALIFORNIA HIGHWAY PATROL,
15 a Law Enforcement Agency of the
16 State of California ("CHP");
17 COUNTY OF VENTURA;
18 VENTURA COUNTY SHERIFF'S
19 OFFICE; CHP OFFICER ADRIEN
20 AYON, identification number 20849;
21 CHP OFFICER JED JOHNSTON,
22 identification number 20641; and
23 DOES 1 through 100, inclusive,

24 Defendants.

Case No. 2:23-cv-01200-MWF (PVCx)

PROTECTIVE ORDER

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

Discovery in this action is underway and involves production of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this

1 litigation may be warranted. Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and
2 petition the Court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The parties
3 acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures
4 or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords from public disclosure
5 and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to
6 confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles. The parties further
7 acknowledge, as set forth in Section 12.3, below, that this Stipulated Protective
8 Order does not entitle either party to file confidential information under seal; Civil
9 Local Rule 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must be followed and the standards
10 that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material
11 under seal.

12 1.2 GOOD CAUSE STATEMENT

13 This action is likely to involve materials and information that Defendants
14 County of Ventura (“County”) and California Highway Patrol (“CHP”) maintain
15 as confidential for which special protection from public disclosure and from use
16 for any purpose other than prosecution of this action is warranted. Such records
17 include materials relating to or regarding peace officers’ personnel files and/or
18 records; records concerning the description, design, and layout of the Ventura
19 County Jail; photographs and/or video recordings of the Ventura County Jail;
20 material and information relating to incidents involving Plaintiff John Parish
21 (“Plaintiff”) or third parties containing sensitive or private information; policies,
22 procedures, manuals, and/or training materials that are not public records; Internal
23 Affairs materials and information; video recordings, photographs, audio
24 recordings, and other materials and information generally unavailable to the public
25 or which may be privileged or otherwise protected from disclosure under state or
26 federal statutes, court rules, case decisions, or common law; and any other
27 materials and information the parties agree believe need special attention from
28 public disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this

1 litigation. This action is also expected to include the use of sensitive health
2 information of Plaintiff.

3 Accordingly, to expedite the flow of information, to facilitate the prompt
4 resolution of disputes over confidentiality of discovery materials, to adequately
5 protect information the parties are entitled to keep confidential, to ensure that the
6 parties are permitted reasonable necessary uses of such material in preparation for
7 and in the conduct of trial, to address their handling at the end of the litigation, and
8 serve the ends of justice, a protective order for such information is justified in this
9 matter. It is the intent of the parties that information will not be designated as
10 confidential for tactical reasons and that nothing be so designated without a good
11 faith belief that it has been maintained in a confidential, non-public manner, and
12 there is good cause why it should not be part of the public record of this case.

13 2. DEFINITIONS

14 2.1 Action: *John Parish v. California Highway Patrol*, Case No. 2:23-cv-
15 01200-MWF (PVCx).

16 2.2 Challenging Party: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the
17 designation of information or items under this Order.

18 2.3 “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items: information (regardless of
19 how it is generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for
20 protection under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c), and as specified above in
21 the Good Cause Statement.

22 2.4 Counsel: Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as well as
23 their support staff).

24 2.5 Designating Party: a Party or Non-Party that designates information
25 or items that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as
26 “CONFIDENTIAL.”

27 2.6 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless
28 of the medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including,

1 among other things, testimony, transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced
2 or generated in disclosures or responses to discovery in this matter.

3 2.7 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter
4 pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve
5 as an expert witness or as a consultant in this Action.

6 2.8 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a party to this
7 Action. House Counsel does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other
8 outside counsel.

9 2.9 Non-Party: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association,
10 or other legal entity not named as a Party to this action.

11 2.10 Outside Counsel of Record: attorneys who are not employees of a
12 party to this Action but are retained to represent or advise a party to this Action
13 and have appeared in this Action on behalf of that party or are affiliated with a law
14 firm which has appeared on behalf of that party, and includes support staff.

15 2.11 Party: any party to this Action, including all of its officers, directors,
16 employees, consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their
17 support staffs).

18 2.12 Producing Party: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or
19 Discovery Material in this Action.

20 2.13 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation
21 support services (e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits
22 or demonstrations, and organizing, storing, or retrieving data in any form or
23 medium) and their employees and subcontractors.

24 2.14 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is
25 designated as "CONFIDENTIAL."

26 2.15 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material
27 from Producing Party.
28

1 3. SCOPE

2 The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only
3 Protected Material (as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or
4 extracted from Protected Material; (2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or
5 compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any testimony, conversations, or
6 presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material.

7 Any use of Protected Material at trial shall be governed by the orders of the
8 trial judge. This Order does not govern the use of Protected Material at trial.

9 4. DURATION

10 Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations
11 imposed by this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees
12 otherwise in writing or a court order otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be
13 deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all claims and defenses in this Action,
14 with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after the completion and
15 exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this Action,
16 including the time limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of
17 time pursuant to applicable law.

18 5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

19 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection.

20 Each Party or Non-Party that designates information or items for protection
21 under this Order must take care to limit any such designation to specific material
22 that qualifies under the appropriate standards. The Designating Party must
23 designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or
24 written communications that qualify so that other portions of the material,
25 documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are
26 not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

27 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited.
28 Designations that are shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for

1 an improper purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber the case development
2 process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may
3 expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

4 If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or items that
5 it designated for protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating Party
6 must promptly notify all other Parties that it is withdrawing the inapplicable
7 designation.

8 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided
9 in this Order (see, e.g., second paragraph of Section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise
10 stipulated or ordered, Disclosure or Discovery Material that qualifies for protection
11 under this Order must be clearly so designated before the material is disclosed or
12 produced.

13 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

14 (a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic
15 documents, but excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial
16 proceedings), that the Producing Party affix at a minimum, the legend
17 "CONFIDENTIAL" (hereinafter "CONFIDENTIAL legend"), to each page that
18 contains protected material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page
19 qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected
20 portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins).

21 A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents available for inspection
22 need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated
23 which documents it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and
24 before the designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be
25 deemed "CONFIDENTIAL." After the inspecting Party has identified the
26 documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine
27 which documents, or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order.
28 Then, before producing the specified documents, the Producing Party must affix

1 the “CONFIDENTIAL legend” to each page that contains Protected Material. If
2 only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the
3 Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making
4 appropriate markings in the margins).

5 (b) for testimony given in depositions that the Designating Party identify the
6 Disclosure or Discovery Material on the record, before the close of the deposition
7 all protected testimony.

8 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and for
9 any other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the
10 exterior of the container or containers in which the information is stored the legend
11 “CONFIDENTIAL.” If only a portion or portions of the information warrants
12 protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the
13 protected portion(s).

14 (d) in the case of depositions, Designating Party may designate all or any
15 portion of the deposition testimony given regarding the Confidential Information
16 in this litigation as Confidential Information orally during the deposition. Any
17 questions intended to elicit testimony regarding the contents of the Confidential
18 Information shall be conducted only in the presence of persons authorized to review
19 the Confidential Information as provided in this Order. Any deposition transcript
20 containing such questions and testimony shall be subject to the same protections
21 and precautions applicable to the Confidential Information.

22 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent
23 failure to designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive
24 the Designating Party’s right to secure protection under this Order for such
25 material. Upon timely correction of a designation, the Receiving Party must make
26 reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with the
27 provisions of this Order.

1 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

2 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a
3 designation of confidentiality at any time that is consistent with the Court's
4 Scheduling Order.

5 6.2 Meet and Confer. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute
6 resolution process (and, if necessary, file a discovery motion) under Local Rule
7 37.1, *et seq.*

8 6.3 The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be
9 on the Designating Party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper
10 purpose (e.g., to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other
11 parties) may expose the Challenging Party to sanctions. Unless the Designating
12 Party has waived or withdrawn the confidentiality designation, all parties shall
13 continue to afford the material in question the level of protection to which it is
14 entitled under the Producing Party's designation until the Court rules on the
15 challenge.

16 7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

17 7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that
18 is disclosed or produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this
19 Action only for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this Action. Such
20 Protected Material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under
21 the conditions described in this Order. When the Action has been terminated, a
22 Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of Section 13 below (FINAL
23 DISPOSITION).

24 Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a
25 location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons
26 authorized under this Order.

27 7.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless
28 otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a

1 Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated
2 “CONFIDENTIAL” only to:

3 (a) the Receiving Party’s Outside Counsel of Record in this Action, as well
4 as employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary
5 to disclose the information for this Action;

6 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the
7 Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action;

8 (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom
9 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have signed the
10 “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

11 (d) the court and its personnel;

12 (e) court reporters and their staff;

13 (f) professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors, and Professional
14 Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have
15 signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

16 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a
17 custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information;

18 (h) during their depositions, witnesses, and attorneys for witnesses, in the
19 Action to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary provided: (1) the deposing party
20 requests that the witness sign the form attached as Exhibit 1 hereto; and (2) they
21 will not be permitted to keep any confidential information unless they sign the
22 “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A), unless otherwise
23 agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the court. Pages of transcribed
24 deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material may
25 be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone
26 except as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order; and

27 (i) any mediator or settlement officer, and their supporting personnel,
28 mutually agreed upon by any of the parties engaged in settlement discussions.

1 8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED
 2 IN OTHER LITIGATION

3 If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation
 4 that compels disclosure of any information or items designated in this Action as
 5 “CONFIDENTIAL,” that Party must:

6 (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification shall
 7 include a copy of the subpoena or court order;

8 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order
 9 to issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the
 10 subpoena or order is subject to this Protective Order. Such notification shall
 11 include a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order; and

12 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued
 13 by the Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.

14 If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served
 15 with the subpoena or court order shall not produce any information designated in
 16 this action as “CONFIDENTIAL” before a determination by the court from which
 17 the subpoena or order issued, unless the Party has obtained the Designating Party’s
 18 permission. The Designating Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking
 19 protection in that court of its confidential material and nothing in these provisions
 20 should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this Action
 21 to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

22 9. A NON-PARTY’S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE
 23 PRODUCED IN THIS LITIGATION

24 (a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non-
 25 Party in this Action and designated as “CONFIDENTIAL.” Such information
 26 produced by Non-Parties in connection with this litigation is protected by the
 27 remedies and relief provided by this Order. Nothing in these provisions should be
 28 construed as prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking additional protections.

1 (b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to
2 produce a Non-Party's confidential information in its possession, and the Party is
3 subject to an agreement with the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party's
4 confidential information, then the Party shall:

5 (1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party
6 that some or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality
7 agreement with a Non-Party;

8 (2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated
9 Protective Order in this Action, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably
10 specific description of the information requested; and

11 (3) make the information requested available for inspection by the
12 Non-Party, if requested.

13 (c) If the Non-Party fails to seek a protective order from this court within 14
14 days of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party
15 may produce the Non-Party's confidential information responsive to the discovery
16 request. If the Non-Party timely seeks a protective order, the Receiving Party shall
17 not produce any information in its possession or control that is subject to the
18 confidentiality agreement with the Non-Party before a determination by the court.
19 Absent a court order to the contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the burden and
20 expense of seeking protection in this court of its Protected Material.

21 10. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

22 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has
23 disclosed Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized
24 under this Stipulated Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a)
25 notify in writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its
26 best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform
27 the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms
28 of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the

1 “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” that is attached hereto as Exhibit
2 A.

3 11. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE
4 PROTECTED MATERIAL

5 When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain
6 inadvertently produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other
7 protection, the obligations of the Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal
8 Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to modify
9 whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery order that provides for
10 production without prior privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence
11 502(d) and (e), insofar as the parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure
12 of a communication or information covered by the attorney-client privilege or work
13 product protection, the parties may incorporate their agreement in the stipulated
14 protective order submitted to the court.

15 12. MISCELLANEOUS

16 12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of
17 any person to seek its modification by the Court in the future.

18 12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this
19 Protective Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to
20 disclosing or producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in
21 this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on
22 any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective
23 Order.

24 12.3 Filing Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any
25 Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5. Protected Material
26 may only be filed under seal pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the
27 specific Protected Material at issue. If a Party's request to file Protected Material
28

1 under seal is denied by the court, then the Receiving Party may file the information
2 in the public record unless otherwise instructed by the court.

3 **13. FINAL DISPOSITION**

4 After the final disposition of this Action, as defined in Section 4, within 60
5 days of a written request by the Designating Party, each Receiving Party must
6 return all Protected Material to the Producing Party or destroy such material. As
7 used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts,
8 compilations, summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of the
9 Protected Material. Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the
10 Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if
11 not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the 60 day deadline that
12 (1) identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was
13 returned or destroyed and (2) affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any
14 copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other format reproducing or
15 capturing any of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel
16 are entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, trial,
17 deposition, and hearing transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence, deposition
18 and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert
19 work product, even if such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival
20 copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective
21 Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION).

22
23 **FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN BY THE PARTIES' STIPULATION, IT IS**
24 **SO ORDERED.**

25
26 Dated: June 16, 2023



27 Honorable Pedro V. Castillo
28 United States Magistrate Judge

EXHIBIT AACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

I, _____, of _____,
 declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the
 Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for
 the Central District of California on _____ in the case of *John Parish v.*
California Highway Patrol, et al., Case No.: 2:23-cv-01200-MWF (PVCx). I
 agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated
 Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply
 could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I
 solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item
 that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in
 strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for
 the Central District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this
 Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after
 termination of this action. I hereby appoint _____ of
 _____ as my California agent for
 service of process in connection with this action or any proceedings related to
 enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order.

Date: _____

City and State where sworn and signed: _____

Printed name: _____

Signature: _____